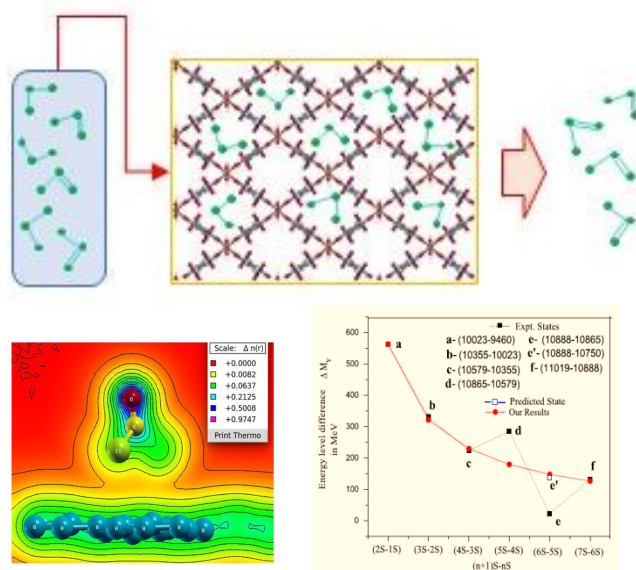


Research Areas

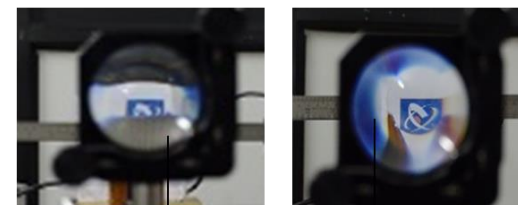


**Engineering of
Nanomaterials**

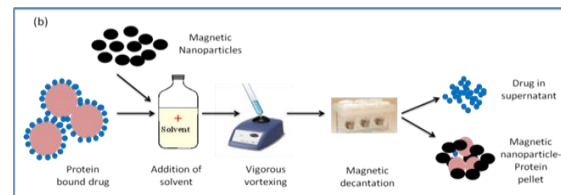


**Theoretical Physics
(Condensed Mater and
High Energy Physics)**

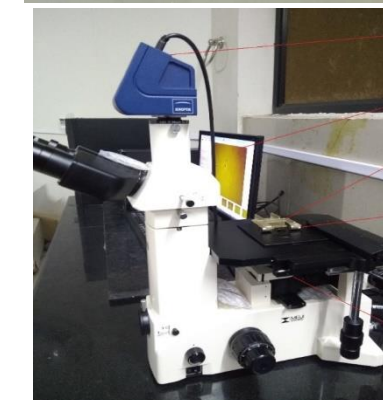
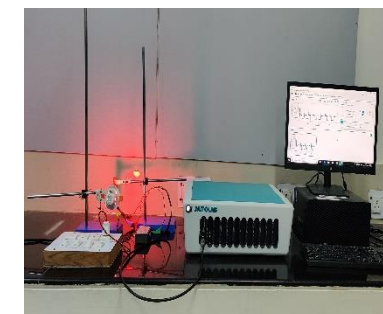
OPTICAL CLOAKING



Turning "visible" to "invisible"



**Optics and applications
of nanoparticles and
magnetic fluids**



**Characterization
facilities**

Research Areas: Engineering of Nanomaterials: Applications, devices and systems

Nano Materials

2D-Materials

Transition metal dichalcogenides, Graphene

Nano Particles

Transition metal oxides, Transition metals

Thin films

Transition metal dichalcogenides

Heterostructures

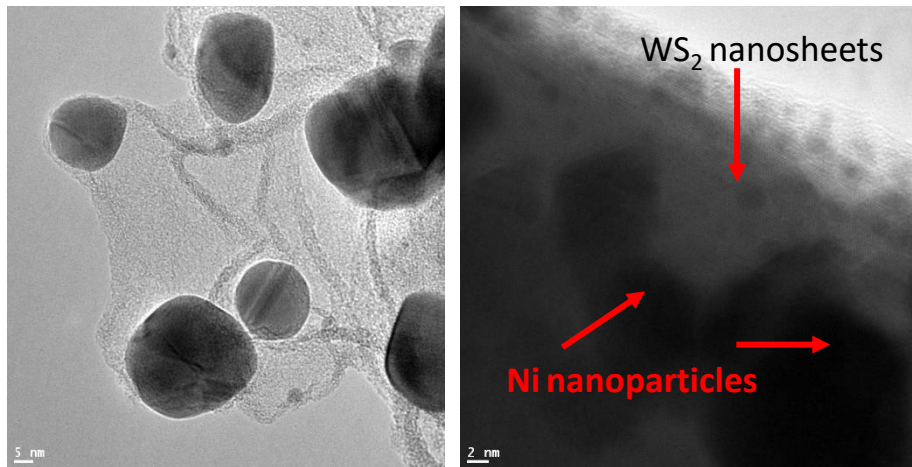
TMDC/TMO, TMDC/TM

Dr. C. K. Sumesh & group

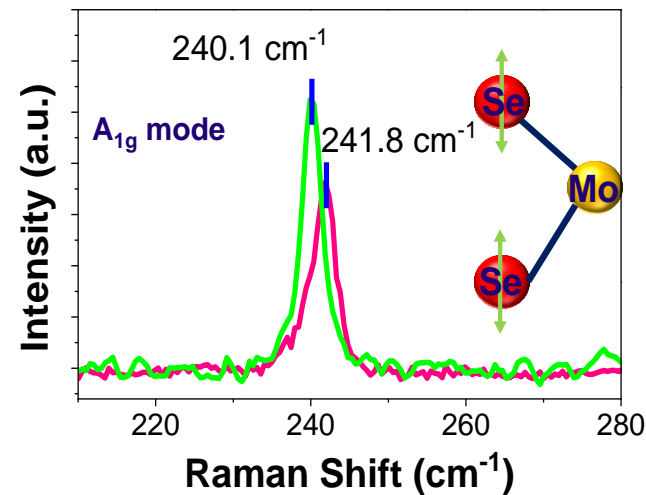
Our expertise:

- Synthesis of size and morphology tuneable Nano-heterostructures for multifunctional applications (Optoelectronic, electrochemical applications, antimicrobial activities).

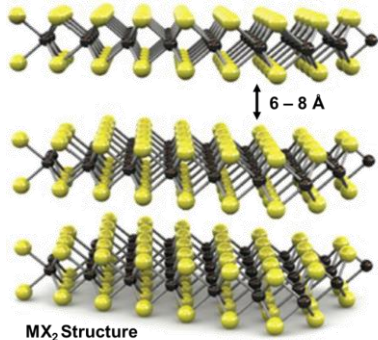
Analysis of nanomaterials by HR-TERM



Raman spectra of MoSe₂ nanosheets



2D TMDC and analogous materials



MX₂ Structure
 ● M: Transition metal (i.e. Ta, W, Mo, V, Zr, etc)
 ● X: chalcogens (i.e S, Se and Te)

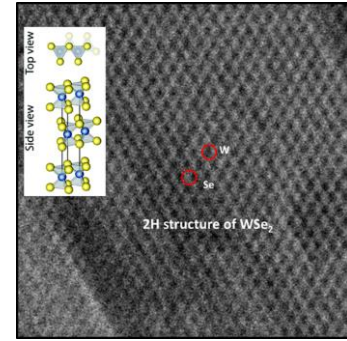
Quality Parameters:

- Tunable optical bandgap
- High surface area
- Easy to functionalize
- complementary material to graphene

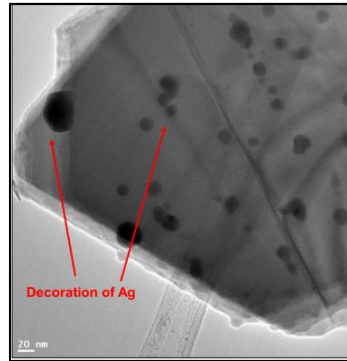
Transition metal dichalcogenides (TMDC) (eg. MoS₂, WS₂, and WSe₂)

Transition Metal Oxides (TMO) (eg. MoO₃, WO₃, Cu based Oxides)

Graphene family	Graphene	hBN 'white graphene'	BCN	Fluorographene	Graphene oxide
2D chalcogenides	MoS ₂ , WS ₂ , MoSe ₂ , WSe ₂	Semiconducting dichalcogenides: MoTe ₂ , WTe ₂ , ZrS ₂ , ZrSe ₂ and so on		Metallic dichalcogenides: NbSe ₂ , NbS ₂ , TaS ₂ , TiS ₂ , NiSe ₂ and so on Layered semiconductors: GaSe, GaTe, InSe, Bi ₂ Se ₃ and so on	
2D oxides	Micas, BSCCO Layered Cu oxides	MoO ₃ , WO ₃ TiO ₂ , MnO ₂ , V ₂ O ₅ , TaO ₃ , RuO ₂ and so on	Perovskite-type: LaNb ₂ O ₇ , (Ca,Sr) ₂ Nb ₃ O ₁₀ , Bi ₄ Ti ₃ O ₁₂ , Ca ₂ Ta ₂ TiO ₁₀ and so on	Hydroxides: Ni(OH) ₂ , Eu(OH) ₂ and so on	Others

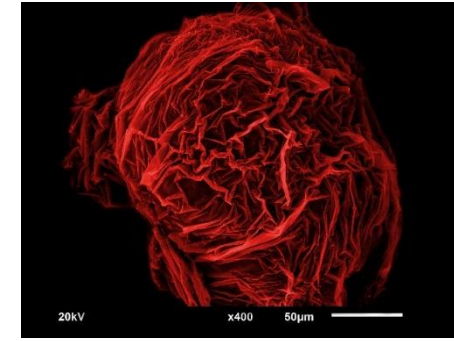


HRTEM image of the WSe₂ nanosheet represents the honeycomb structure Prepared by

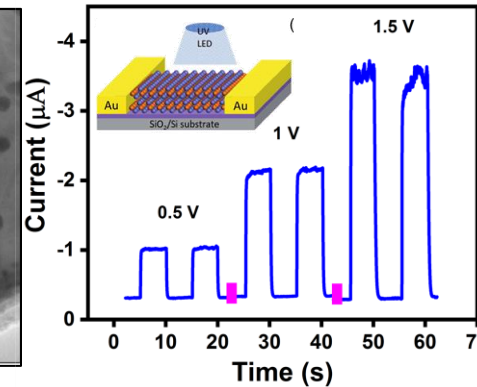


Clusters/ bulk powder of WS₂ is uniformly exfoliated in to thin and isolated-sheets of WS₂ nanosheets with an average lateral size of sheets are the size of ~ 1 μm are obtained with decoration of Ag particles

Results



SEM Image of WO₃ nanoflowers Prepared by chemical route method



I-T curves of WSe₂ nanosheets photodetector with and without illumination

Synthesis Methods

- Chemical Route
- Solvo/Hydro-thermal
- Microwave
- Direct Vapour Transport
- Vacuum deposition, etc

Main features

- Easy synthesis methods
- Possibility to fabricate heterostructure
- Optimization in various properties such as optical, electrical, etc
- Contemporary device fabrication such as photodetectors, gas sensors, electronic devices, bio-sensors

Scope for collaboration

- Anti-cancerous & biological activities using various metal oxides

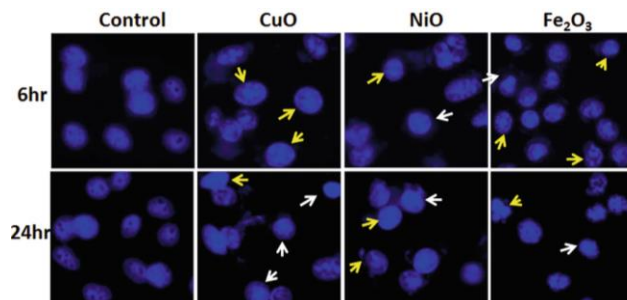
Dr. Nilesh Pandey, CIPS



- Corrosion testing
- Photocatalysis

Dr. Kamlesh Chauhan, CSPIT

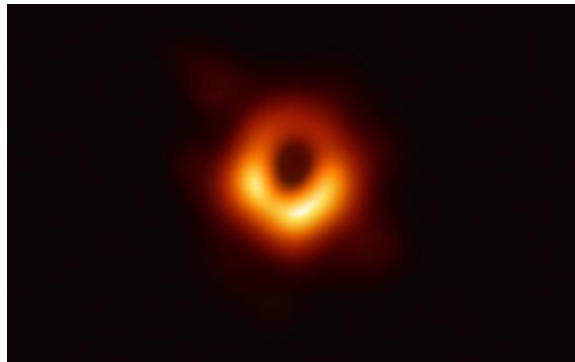
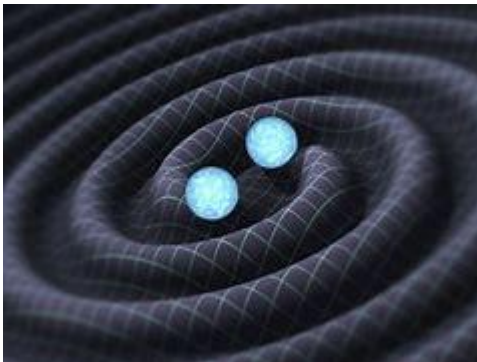
Dr. Sanni Kapatel



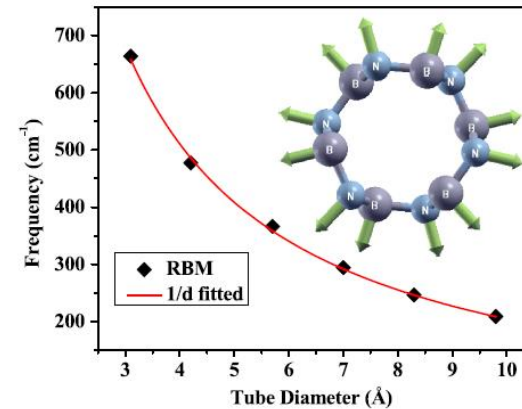
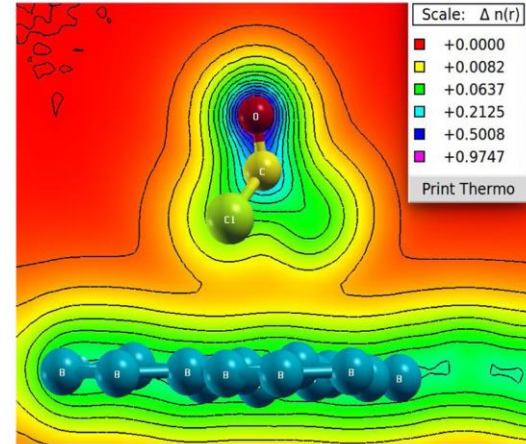
Research in Theoretical Physics

Research Areas : Astrophysics and Cosmology

- Black-hole Physics
- Small scale structure formation
- Gravitational Wave
- Digital Image Processing
- Gravitational collapse of stars
- Gravitational lensing and shadows
- Astrometry
- Engineering applications in the field of cosmology



To investigate properties of materials at Nanoscale..

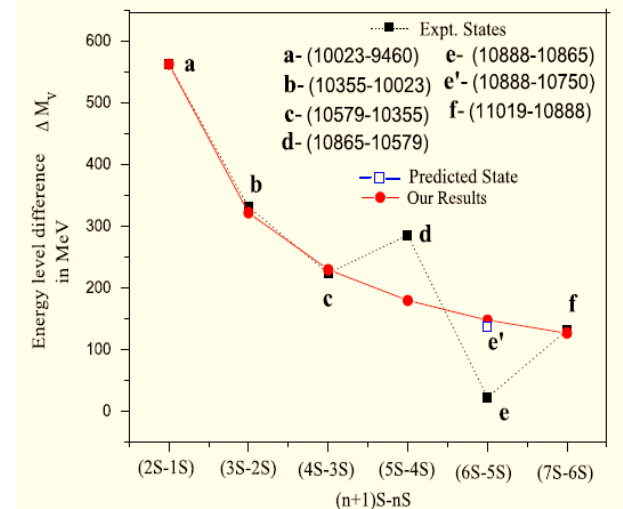


Dr. Shweta Dabhi

Theoretical High Energy Physics, Hadron Physics

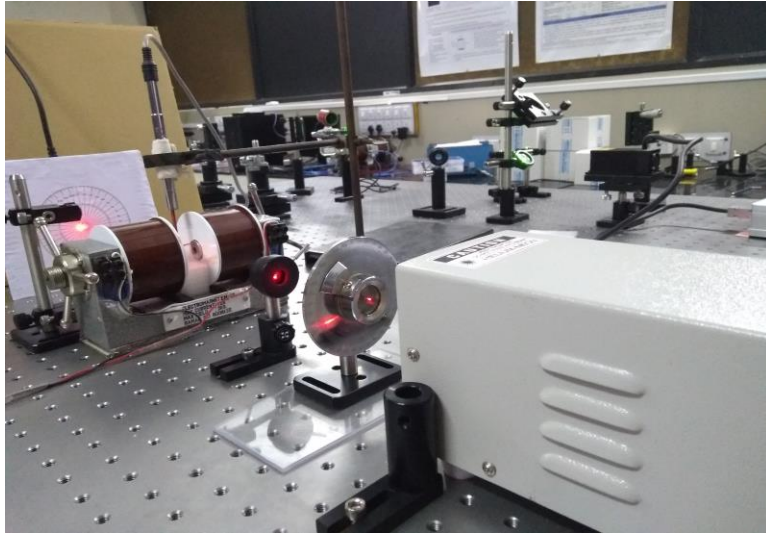
Area of Interest :

- Mass spectra of Meson
- Decay properties of Meson
- Exotics states
- Masses of tetraquark states in the hidden charm sector



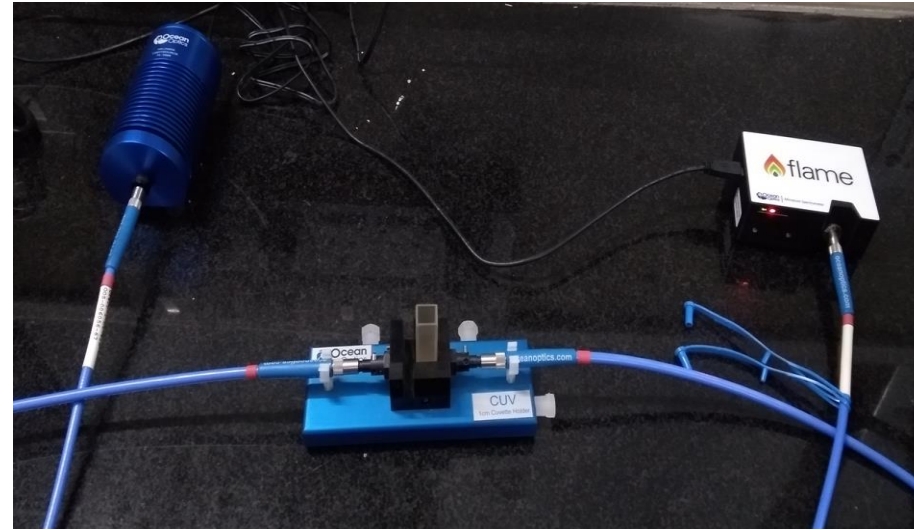
Dr. Manan Shah

Optical Characterization Facility



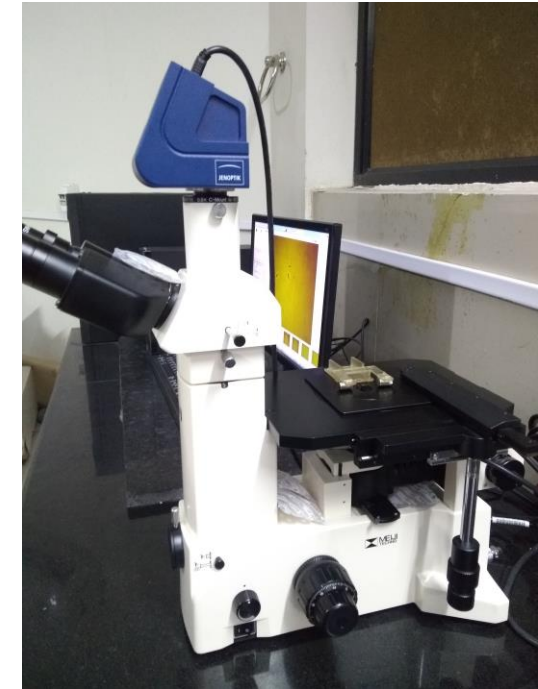
Lasers:

- He-Ne Red laser (632 nm, 5mW)
- Diode Green laser (532 nm, 30mW)
- He-Cd laser (442 nm, 30mW)



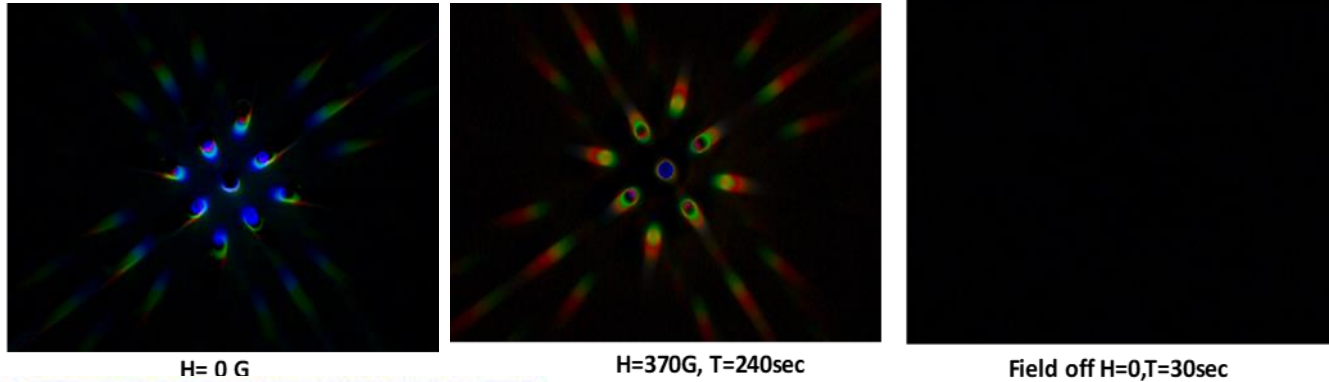
Portable spectrophotometer (Make: Ocean optics)

- FLAME-S-XR1-ES Spectrophotometer, detection range, $\lambda = 200\text{nm}-1100\text{nm}$,
- Tungsten Halogen Source, HL-2000-LL, wavelength Range, $\lambda = 360\text{nm}-2000\text{nm}$
- 400 μm UV/VIS optical fibre and cuvette holder



- Inverted Metallurgical Microscope (Make: Meiji, Japan- IM7200)
- Calibrated Scale
- Polarizer
- Color CCD camera (make: Jenoptik, German, Resolution: 2080 \times 1542 pixel)

Magnetic Fluid based Tunable Diffraction Grating



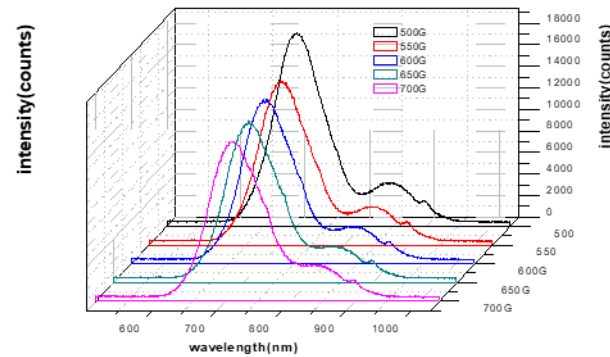
H= 0 G

H=370G, T=240sec

Field off H=0,T=30sec

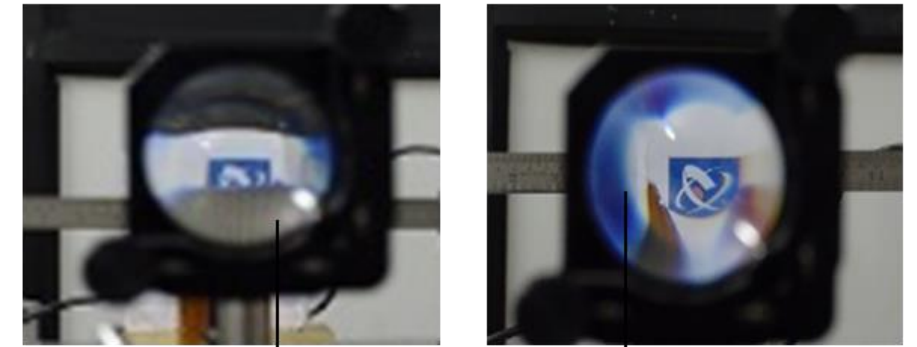


Magnetic field induced chain formation – Microscopic image

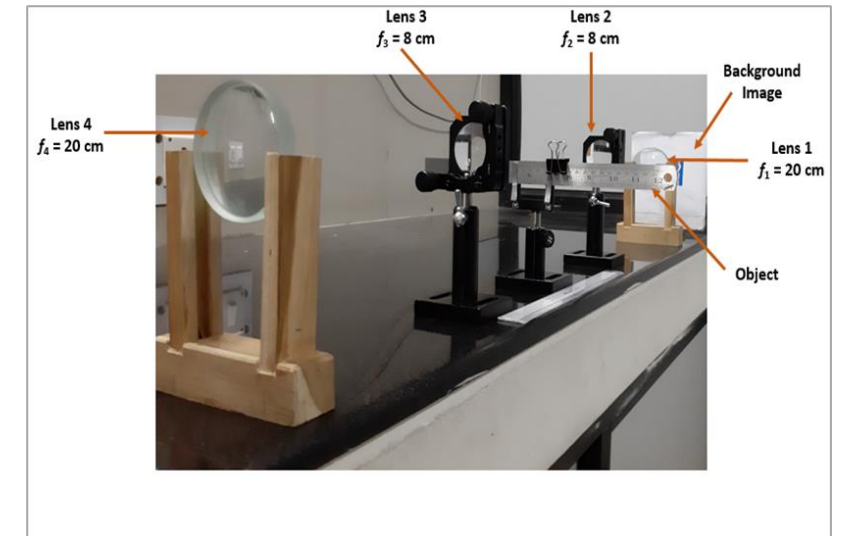


White light spectroscopy – MF as monochromator

OPTICAL CLOAKING

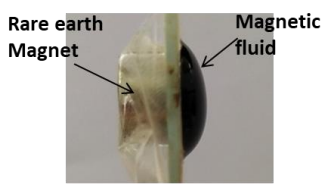


Turning “visible” to “invisible”

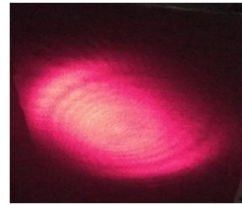


- One-way cloaking
- Two-way cloaking

Magnetic Fluid Mirror



$M_s \sim 280 \text{ G}$
 $H = 750 \text{ G}$

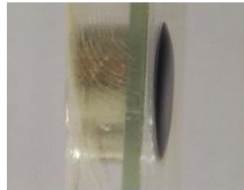


Reflected diverged Beam
(without focusing lens (2))



Reflected focused beam
(with focusing lens(2))

Reflection due to the spherical curvature in the mirror leads to diverged the reflected beam. External lens is needed to focus the beam.



$M_s \sim 70 \text{ G}$
 $H = 750 \text{ G}$



Incident light

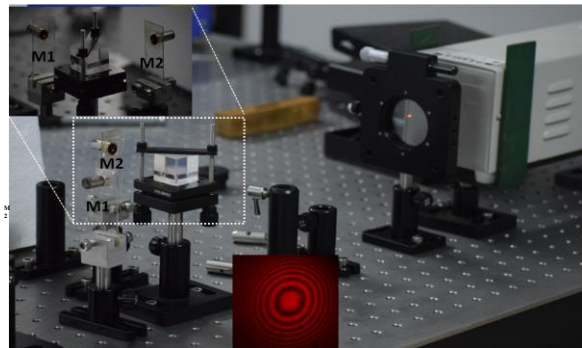
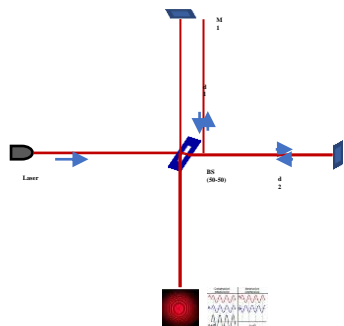


Reflected Beam

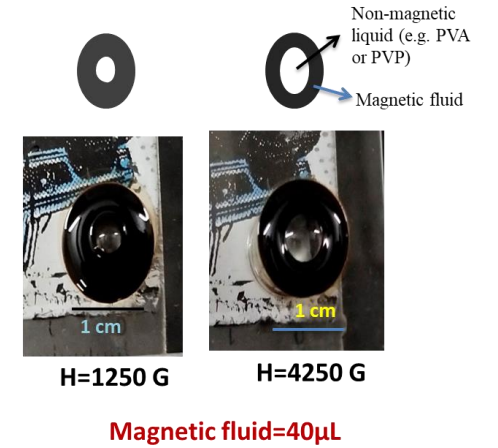
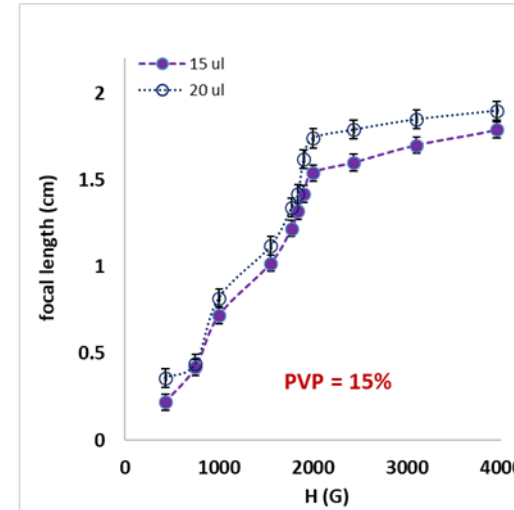
Reflection due to the plane surface of the mirror leads to focused beam (without lens).

Michelson Interferometer: An application

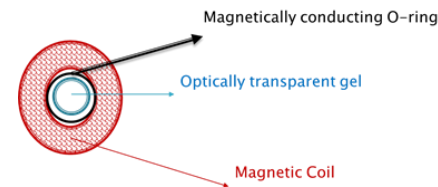
Michelson Interferometer



Adaptive Liquid Lens



Side view of Curvatures at different magnetic fields



H= 1000 G



H= 750 G

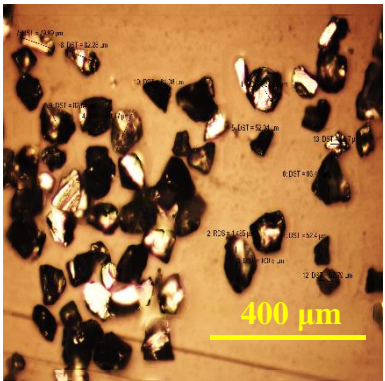


H= 430 G

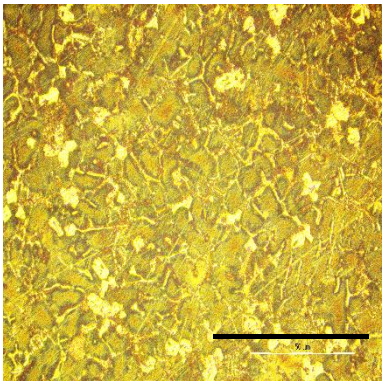
Scope for collaboration

- to interface magnetic field and full set-up.
- Feedback and control loop
- Simulation of the experiment
- To prepare miniaturized fully automated device

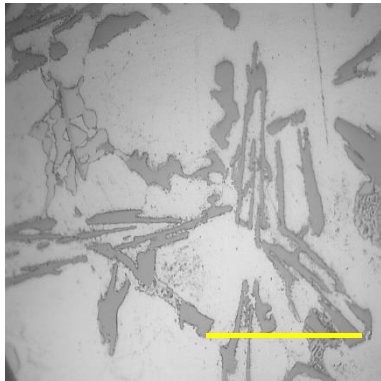
Inverted Metallurgical Microscope – University users



Al Particles



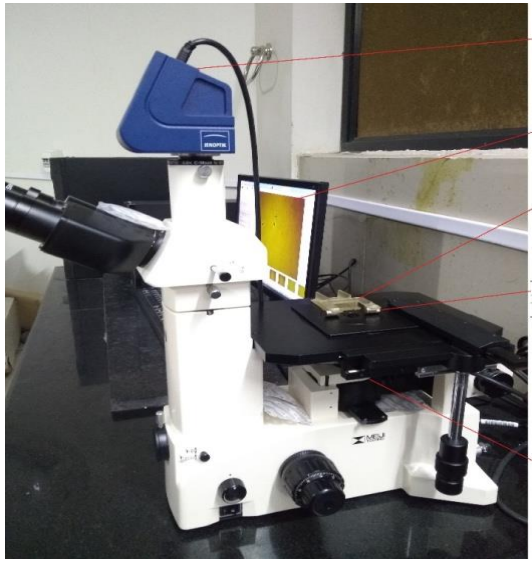
Al - Composite



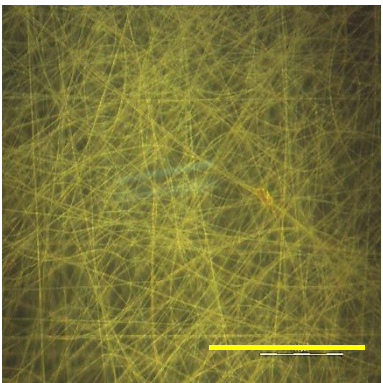
Material Surface

Dr. Mayur Sutaria & Group, Mechanical Engineering, CSPIT, CHARUSAT

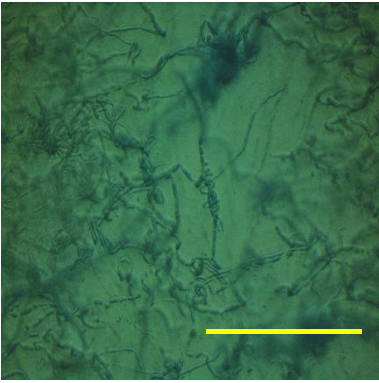
Variable Polarization →



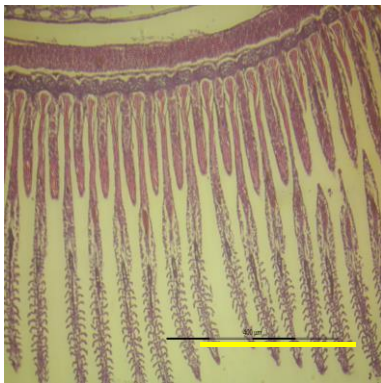
Inverted Metallurgical Microscope (Make: Meiji, Japan- IM7200) equipped with CCD camera (make: Jenoptik, German, Resolution: 2080×1542 pixel)



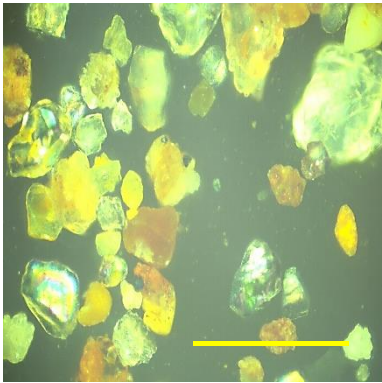
Fiber Dimensions



Hyphae Fungus



Fish Bone



Sand Particles

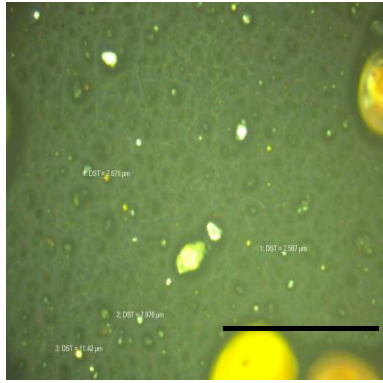
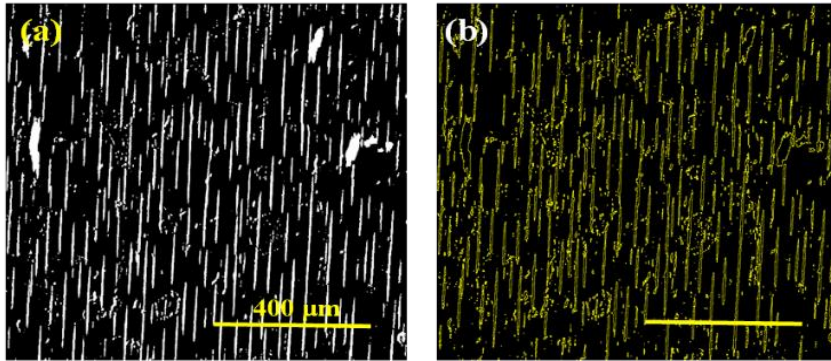
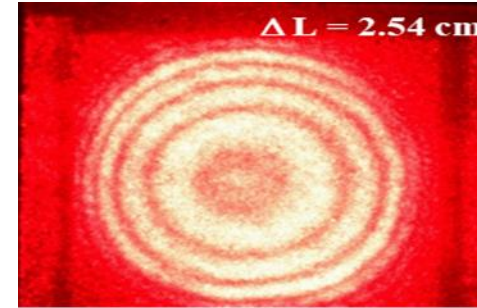


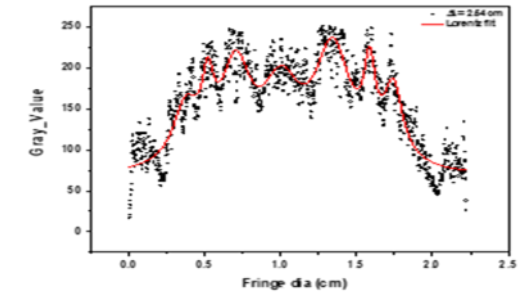
Image Analysis



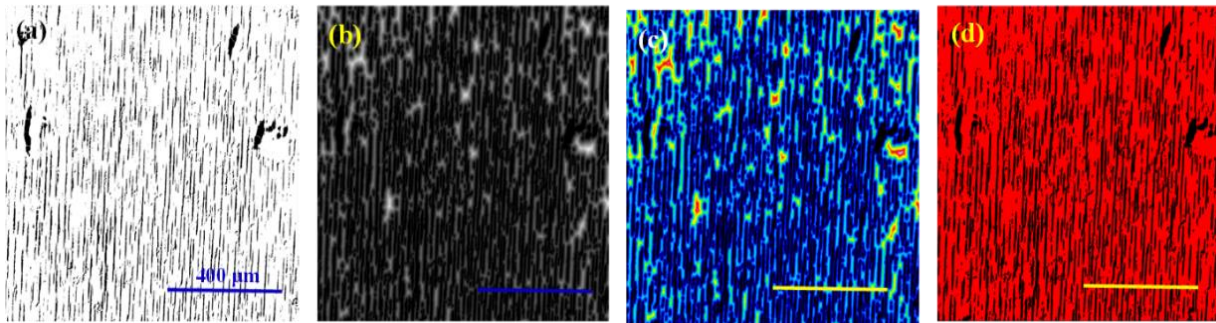
Structure identification



Video of interference pattern



Time dependent data extracted from the video



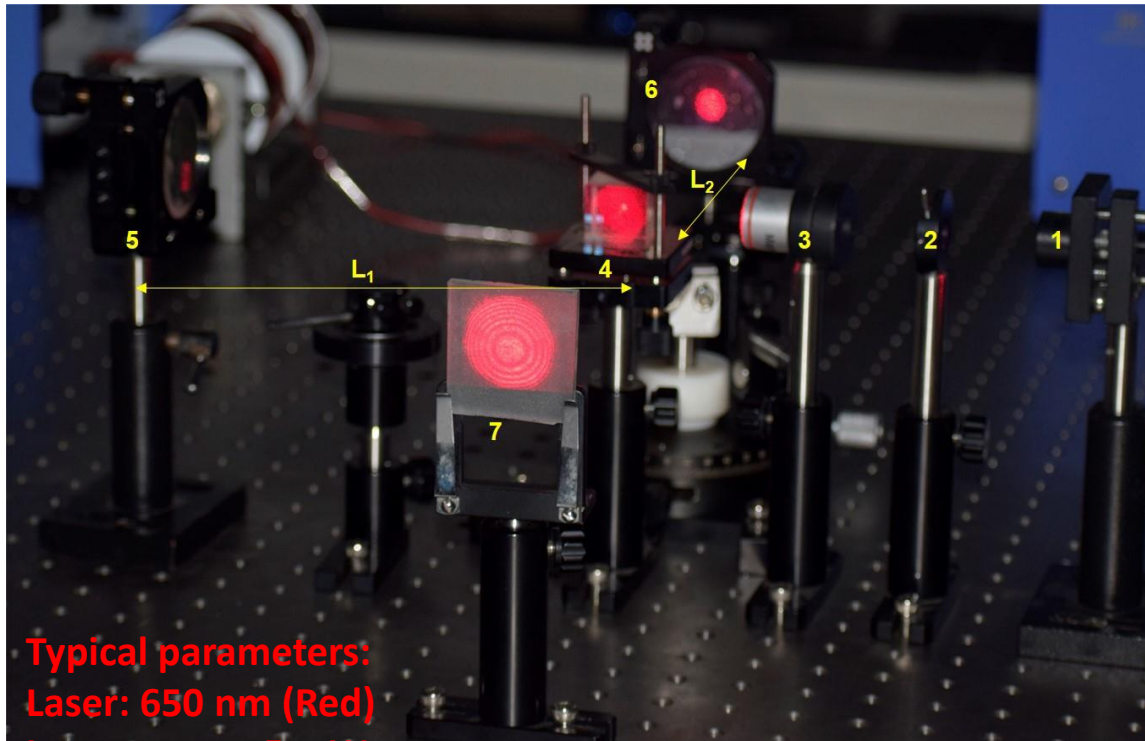
Inter-chain distance determination

- Analysis of images using ImageJ software – Java based script
- Method developed for the analysis of structure identification & inter-structure distance . The method will be submitted to [github](#), and hence can be added as plug-in in the ImageJ software

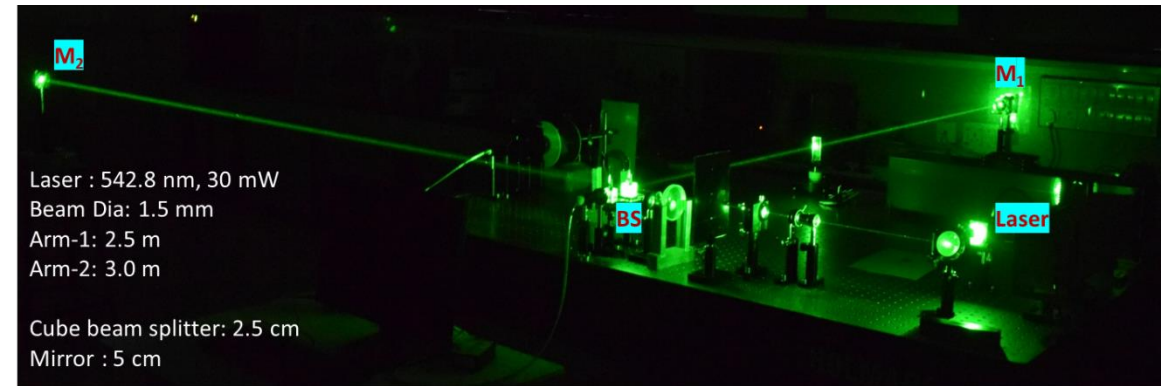
Scope for collaboration:

- Interest to explore different types of structure (particle shape, size, distance) identification
- Study internal cell structure and subsequently analysis of various parameters

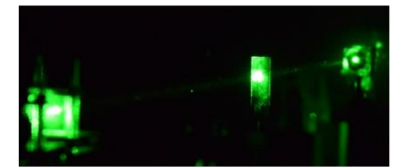
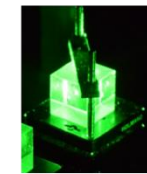
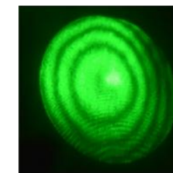
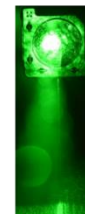
Michelson Interferometer



Typical parameters:
Laser: 650 nm (Red)
Laser power: 5 mW
Beam diameter: 0.3 cm

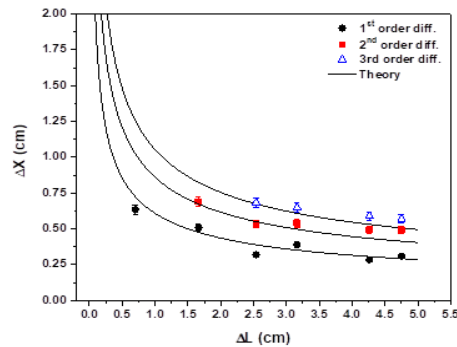
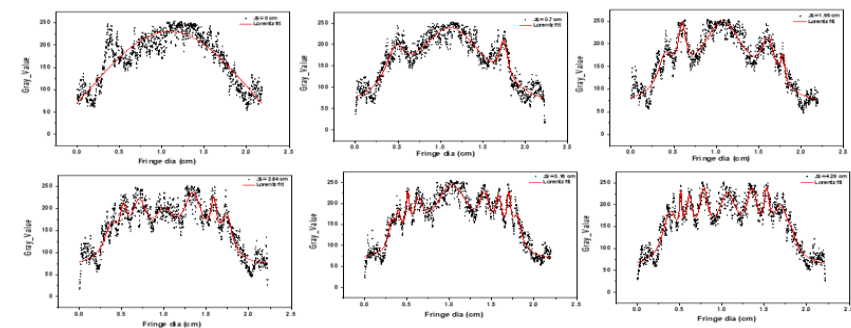
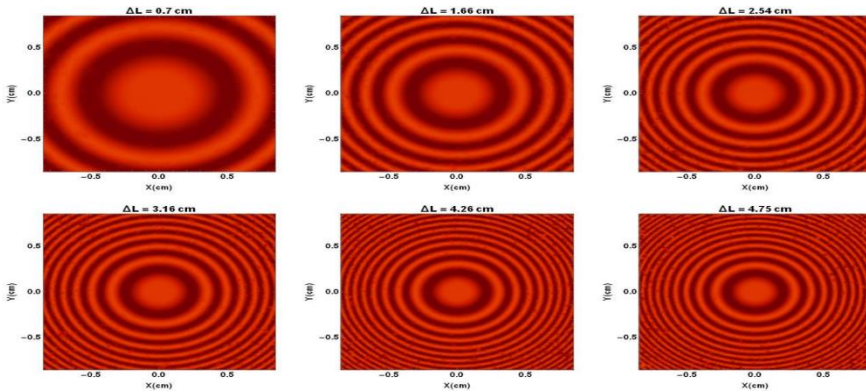


Laser : 542.8 nm, 30 mW
Beam Dia: 1.5 mm
Arm-1: 2.5 m
Arm-2: 3.0 m
Cube beam splitter: 2.5 cm
Mirror : 5 cm



Michelson Interferometer: Applications

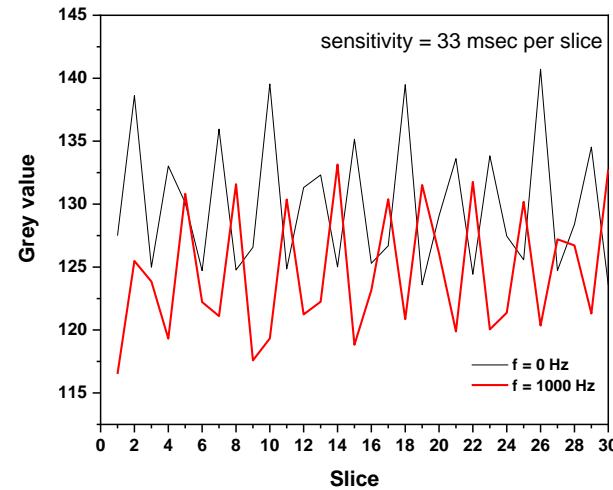
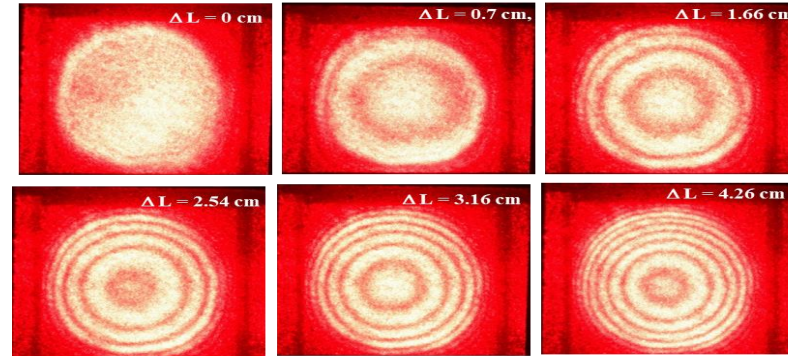
Simulated Interference pattern



Data obtained using image analysis fitted with Lorentz function (solid line)

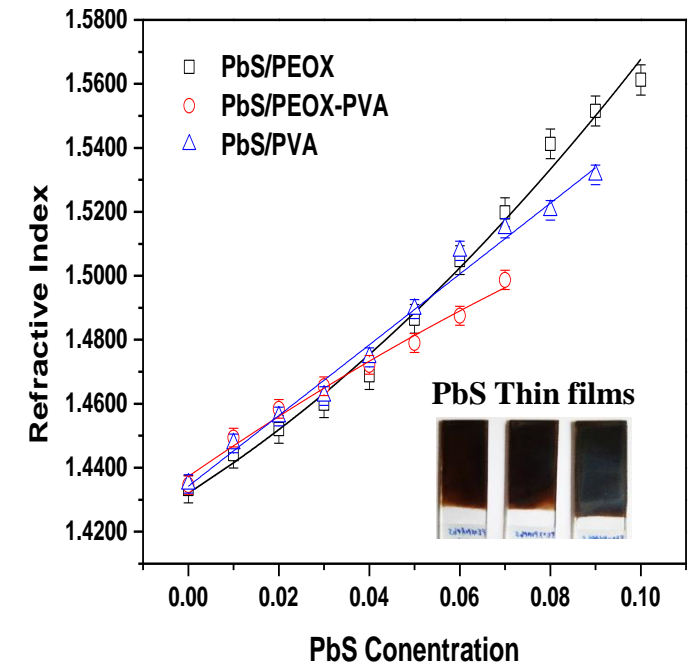
Collaborator: Dr. Dipanjan Dey, Dr. Pankaj S Joshi, ICC, Charusat

Experimental Interference pattern



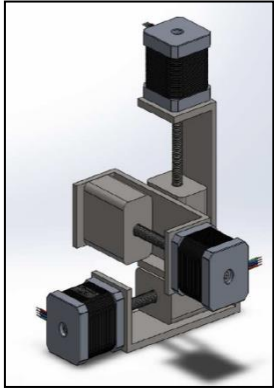
Effect of applied frequency on the interference pattern

Refractive Index measurement

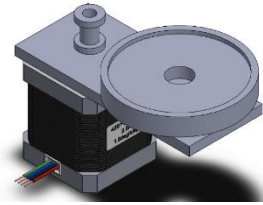


Collaborator: Dr. Vaibhav Patel & Group, Department of Chemical Sciences, PDPIAS, CHARUSAT

3-stage translational and a rotational motorized system for optical elements



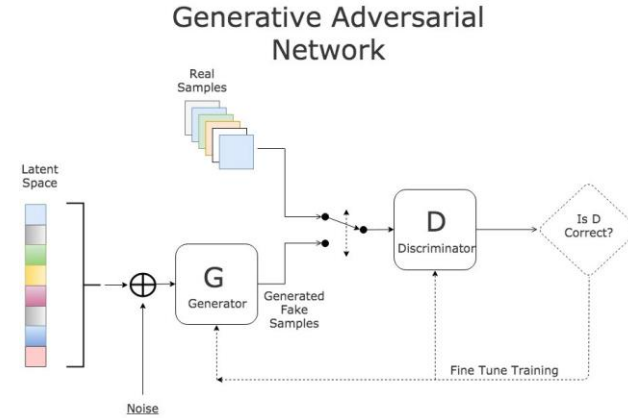
XYZ Stage



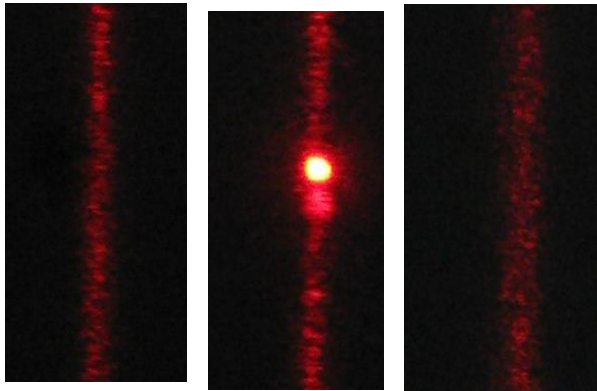
Rotary Stage

Investigators: Maulik shah & Axat patel
CSRTC, Charusat

Machine Learning for Image Generation: GAN



Collaborator: Dr. Parth Shah, Department of Information Technology, CSPIT, CHARUSAT

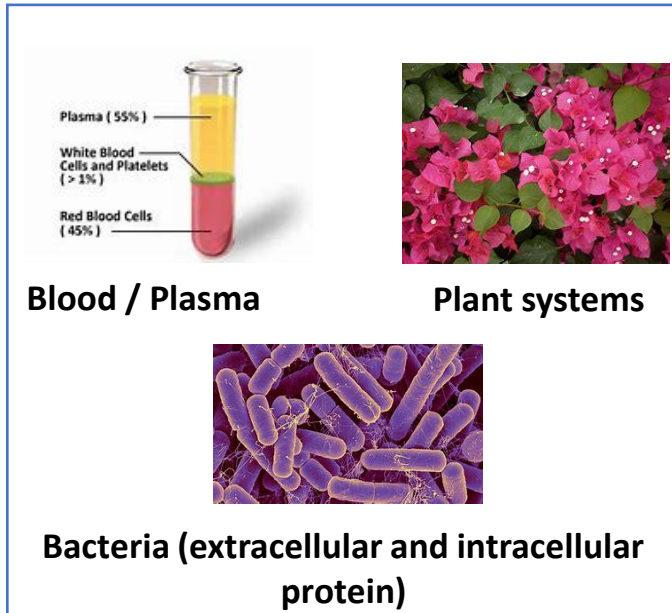


Magnetic field induced diffraction pattern



Biological Applications of Magnetic Nanoparticles

Total Protein Extraction



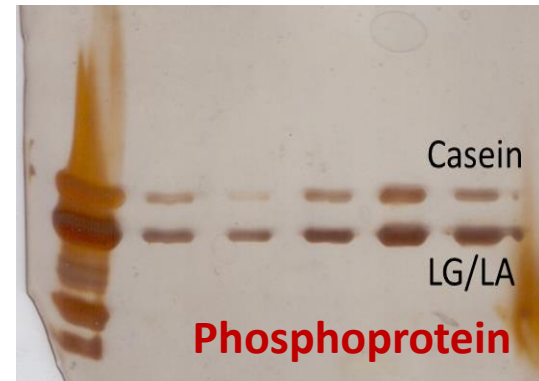
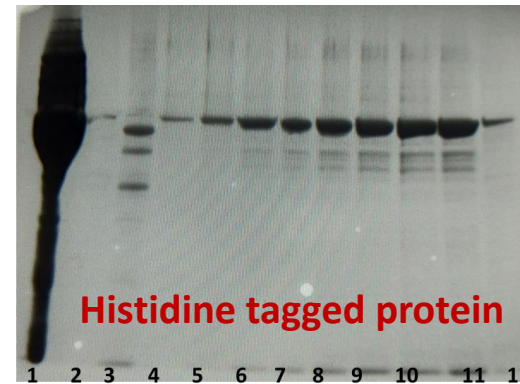
Plasma (55%)
White Blood Cells and Platelets (> 1%)
Red Blood Cells (45%)

Blood / Plasma

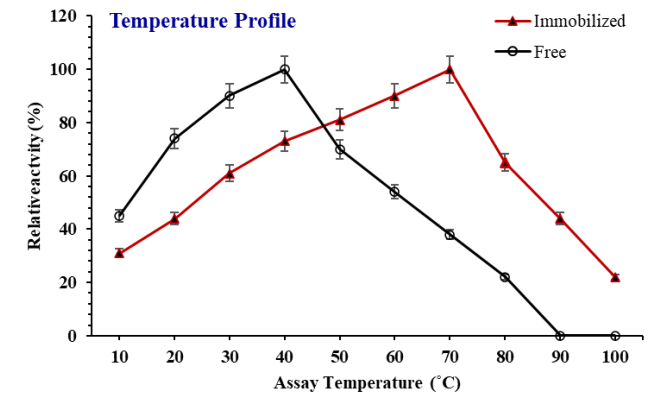
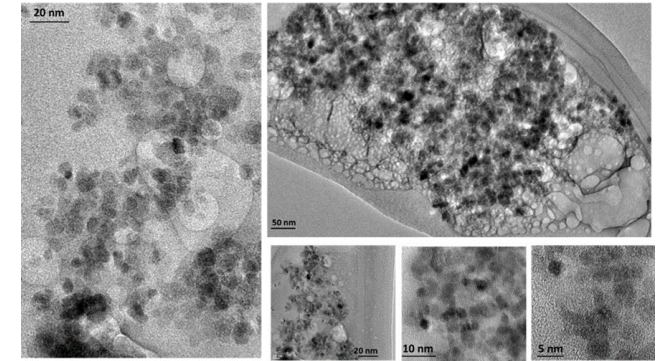
Plant systems

Bacteria (extracellular and intracellular protein)

Protein Purification



Enzyme Immobilization



Collaborator: Dr. C N Ramchand

Collaborators:

- Dr. Darshan H Patel, CIPS, Charusat
- Dr. Ruchi Chaturvedi, Dept. of Biological Sciences, PDPIAS, Charusat

Collaborator: Dr. Bhavtosh A. Kikani, Dept. of Biological Sciences, PDPIAS, Charusat

Exploring antimicrobial activity of MgO nanoparticles on antibiotic resistant strains

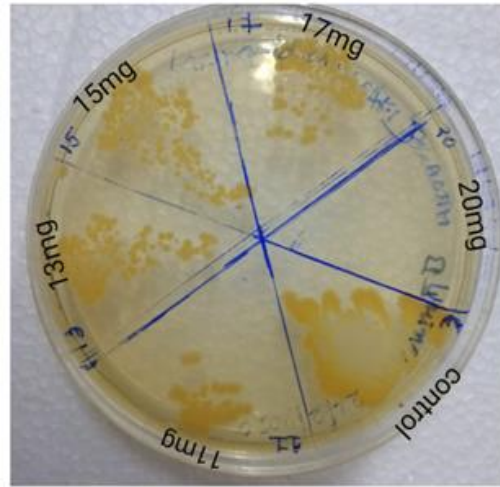


Figure 14 Antimicrobial activity on MRSA

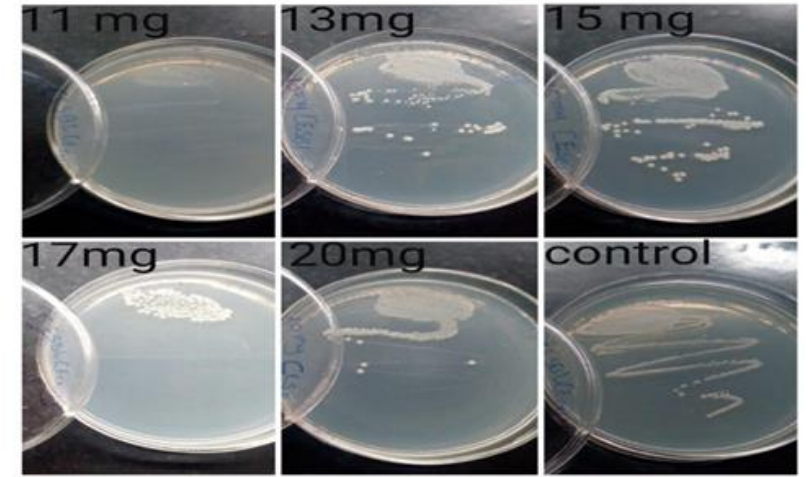
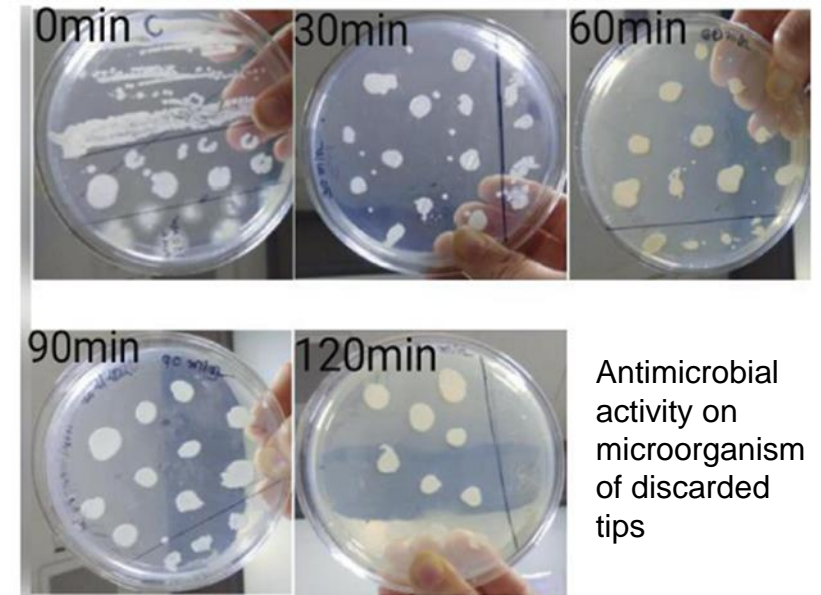


Figure 17 Antimicrobial activity on *E.coli* (ESBL)

Multi-drug resistant strains (MDR)	Antibacterial concentration of MgO NPs	Sensitive strains	Antibacterial of MgO NPs
MRSA	20 mg	MSSA	11 mg to 20 mg
<i>E.coli</i> (ESBL)	11 mg	<i>E.coli</i>	7 mg and 10 mg inhibitory concentration. Lethal concentration 11 mg 20 mg
<i>Pseudomonas.aeruginosa</i>	18 mg to 20 mg	<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	13 mg 20 mg

Table 3 Result of antimicrobial activity







Antimicrobial activity on microorganism of discarded tips




Collaborator: Dr. Artee Tyagi, Dr. Darshan H Patel, CIPS, Charusat



Thank You








Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p>Palash Mandal</p>	<p>Fatty Liver Disease, Development of therapeutic interventions to normalize both alcohol and nonalcoholic-induced increases in hepatic inflammation, which could be used to treat patients with ALD, NASH, Role of gut-microbioata in Fatty Liver Disease, Obesity and Diabetes.</p>
 <p>Gayatri Dave</p>	<p>Product and Process Development such as Eco-friendly fabric and Reporter assays for Microbial activity testing</p> <p>Anti-microbial activity testing Product characterization Toxicity analysis assays</p>


Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p data-bbox="430 748 766 791">Janki N. Thakker</p>	<p data-bbox="970 287 1819 329">Ecofriendly Bricks and construction materials:</p> <p data-bbox="970 344 1447 386">Plant Microbe interaction</p> <p data-bbox="970 408 2308 451">Agriwaste management (Biochar preparation and use as bio fertilizer)</p> <p data-bbox="970 494 2244 536">Purification and applications of plant as well as microbial pigments</p> <p data-bbox="970 901 2125 943">Use of Magnetic nanoparticles in controlling plant pathogens</p>
 <p data-bbox="496 1275 703 1318">Aditi Buch</p>	<p data-bbox="970 1136 1786 1179">Nonbiological applications of biomolecules</p>

Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p>Bragadish Iyer</p>	<p>Study of redox reactions, electroactive biopolymers, corrosion due to biofilms, biocatalysis</p> <p>Development of Bioadhesives</p>
 <p>Seema Amin</p>	<p>Liquid Waste Management</p> <p>Biotransformation</p> <p>Liquid Waste Management</p>
 <p>Anamika Jha</p>	<p>Nanotechnology for post-harvest storage applications</p> <p>Biofertilizers and plant-microbe interactions</p>

Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p>Anoop Markande</p>	<p>Bioconcrete development</p> <p>Development of Moonlighting proteins</p> <p>Effect of medical imaging on surface microflora</p> <p>Protein Molecular Dynamics simulation</p>
 <p>Kirankumar Patel</p>	<p>Plant Microbe interaction, Optimization of Large scale Bio-control cultivation, Enzyme Engineering</p>

Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p>Chirayu Desai</p>	<p>Integrated eco-electrogenic system for efficient and sustainable treatment of textile wastewater</p> <p>Microaerophilic-aerobic based treatment of textile effluents</p> <p>Microbial diversity across the Ganges</p>
 <p>Bhavtosh Kikani</p>	<p>Protein engineering: Purification of various enzymes; Enzyme Immobilization using nanomaterials to increase its stability</p>

Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p>Tapan A. Patel</p>	Toxicity (in vitro and in vivo) and ameliorative studies of herbal-natural compounds, phytochemical analysis, cytogenetics
 <p>Mandar Kulkarni</p>	Nutrition (Probiotics), Host-microbe interactions and Computational Biology
 <p>Janki K. Patel</p>	Plant-Microbe interaction; Biocontrol activity, ISR and SAR response in plant

Faculty Name	Research area(s)
 <p data-bbox="596 911 828 953">Neeraj Jain</p>	<p data-bbox="1192 491 2298 644">Cancer Biology: Development of novel cancer therapeutic approach using magnetic nanoparticles for the treatment of solid tumors</p>
	<p data-bbox="1192 915 2318 1011">Synthesis of heterocyclic derivatives and evaluation of anti-cancer parameters</p>
	<p data-bbox="1192 1196 2313 1292">Immunotherapy for Colorectal Cancer: Focus on Cancer like Stem Cells & Advance stages</p>



Ongoing Research Work (KBK)

Research Area: Fractional Calculus, Mathematical Physics

- Fractional derivatives are widely used by researchers in modelling realistic systems. Such derivatives, due to their nonlocal nature are able to model memory and hereditary effects observed in physical systems. It is observed that systems involving fractional derivatives can exhibit chaos. Below a threshold value of fractional order derivative, these systems show regular behavior. **We are studying chaos in various fractional order system.**
- We are **developing analytic and numerical methods to solve fractional differential equations** with various fractional order derivatives.
- Linear viscoelasticity is certainly the field of the most extensive applications of fractional calculus, in view of its ability to model hereditary phenomena with long memory. **We develop fractional viscoelastic models with various fractional derivative operator.**
- **Lie Algebra and Fractional order polynomials**
- **Image Processing using Fractional calculus**
- We trying to **obtain certain properties of fractional order polynomials using Lie-Algebra.**
- We are working on **applications of fractional calculus in image processing.**



Ongoing Research Work (MHC)

Research Area: Special Functions, Hypergeometric Function, Mittag-Leffler Function

- Special Functions are developed out of Mathematical Physics and Statistics. Many Special Functions appear as solutions of differential equations or integral of elementary functions.
- Gauss hypergeometric function, Bessel functions, Legendre, Laguerre, Hermite functions, Mittag-Leffler function are here worth mentioning.
- Some mathematical models depending upon more number of parameters and to control them as per the physical problem requirement, the generalized structure of Special Functions is needed. We have generalized Gauss hypergeometric function, Bessel functions, and Mittag-Leffler function satisfying infinite order ordinary and fractional differential equations and studied their properties together with the eigen function property by the construction of a new operator with the aid of ordinary and classical fractional derivatives operators.



Ongoing Research Work: (JRP)

Research Area: Tribology, Fluid Mechanics

- Tribology is very useful to reduce the friction and wear of the system. Nowadays, it is important and crucial in industries.
- We are working on magnetic fluid based squeeze film bearing systems with the effect of porosity, roughness and slip velocity.
- Mainly we have studied the performance of squeeze film Slider bearing, Annular bearing, circular bearing and Journal bearing considering the influence of magnetic fluid, porosity, roughness and slip velocity.
- In our investigation, we start with the Reynolds equation of the conventional fluid based bearing system. Then, we modified this Reynolds equation with Ferrofluid flow models (Neuringer-Rosensweig's model, Shliomis' model, Jenkins's model), Porosity, roughness and slip velocity. After solving modified equation, we can derive Pressure, Load carrying capacity and Friction of the bearing system. In this way we can analyse the performance of the bearing system.
- Our above research is totally theoretical.



Ongoing Research Work: (YFP)

Research Area: Compartmental Modeling & Computational Methods

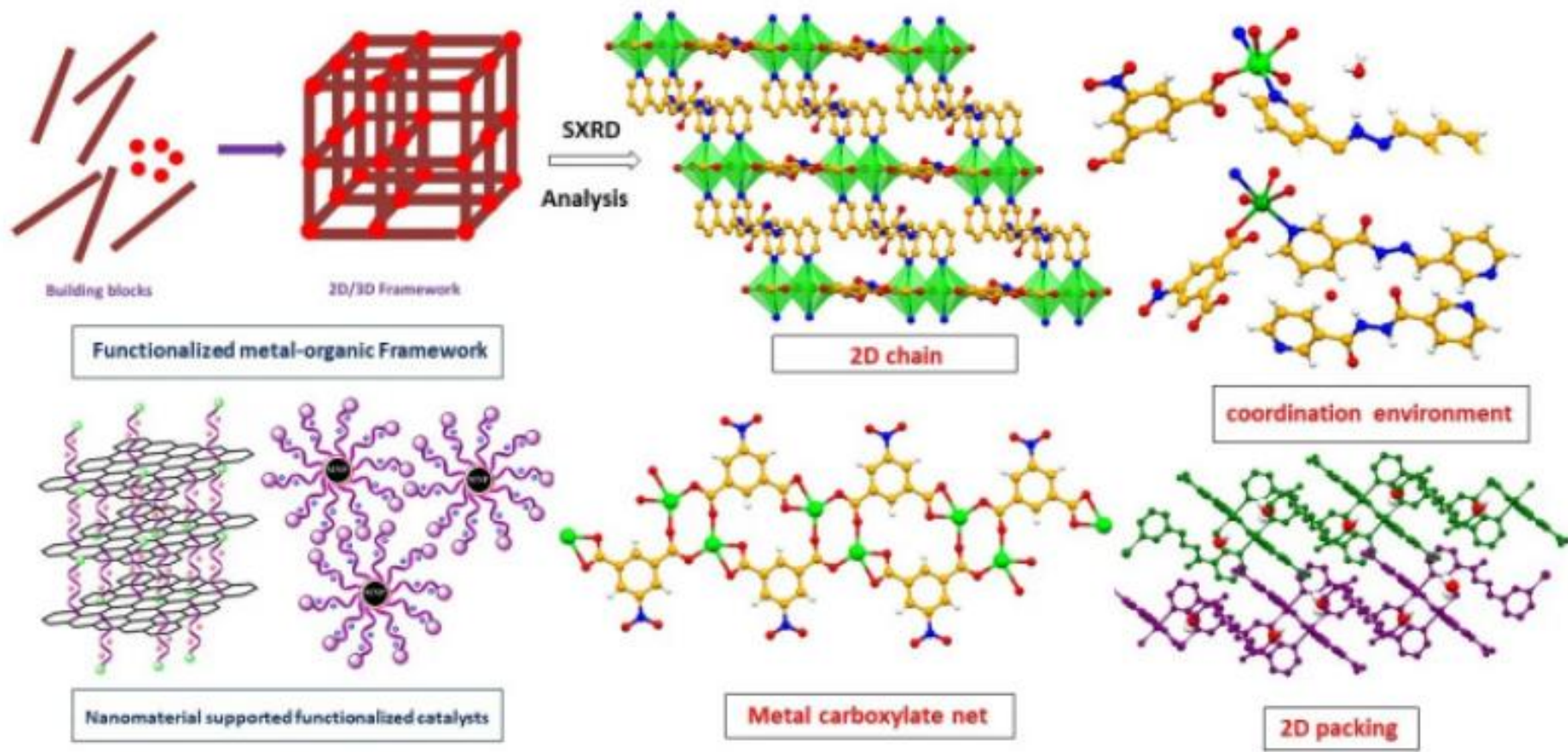
- Dynamical models are crucial in the field of engineering, science and technology as they represent the real world phenomena
- Compartmental modelling can be considered as the best tool to comprehend physical phenomena as well as the effect of various parameters involved in the dynamic models.
- Due to the complex nature of biology, chemistry, physics, pharmacokinetics model, it is necessary to reduce into simple form so that one can easily understand the effect, behaviour and interaction of various parameters which can be easily achieve using compartment modelling.
- Most of the time compartment models are described mathematically by ordinary or partial differential equations .
- As more parameters are involved, the mathematical modeling leads to complicated system of differential equations and solution to such kind of problem became a challenge for one.
- So we required a computational methods which provide solution with less computational efforts and less time.



Ongoing Research Work (RVS)

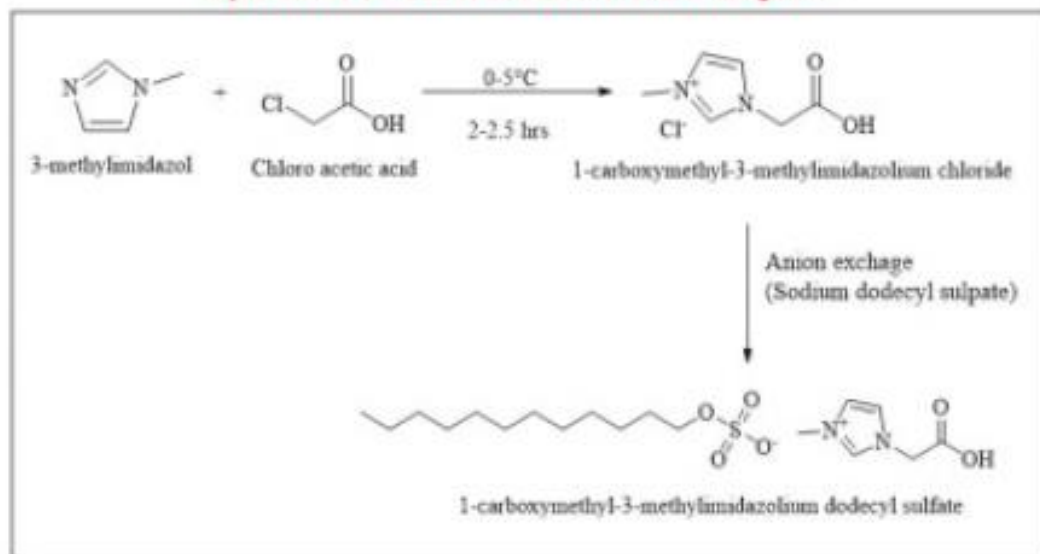
Research Area: Special Functions, Orthogonal polynomials and their generalizations

- The extension to classical polynomials along with their q -versions in the sense of p -deformation
- The inverse series relations of these p -polynomial with the help of general inversion pair
- Combinatorial identities with help of general inversion pair
- p -Version of Riorden's classification of Combinatorial identities
- The differential equation of p -polynomial using recurrence and differential recurrence relation
- The generating function relation, summation formulas involving the polynomials
- The Companion matrix and its application to find eigen values
- p -version of Ramanujan's theorems



Design and Development of Advance Functional Materials

Synthesis of Surface Active Ionic Liquids

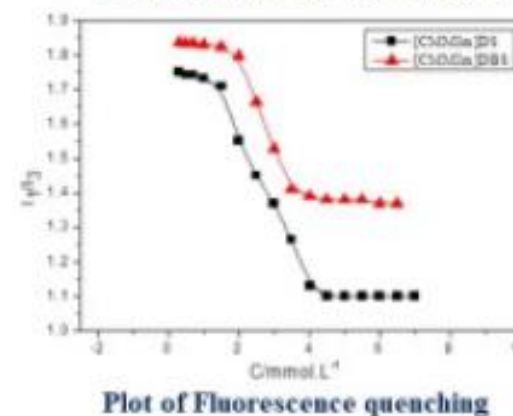
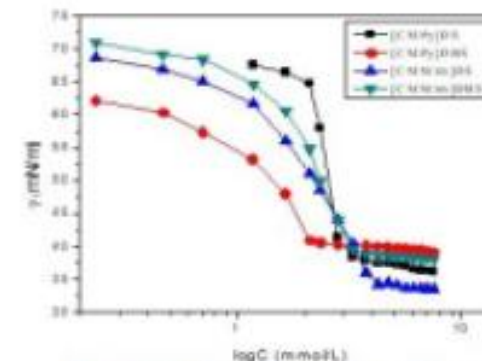


Highlight: The carboxy functionalized SAILs are expected to step forward for green surface-active agents

Determination of Physical Parameters

Critical Micellar Concentration (CMC), Aggregation Number
Thermodynamics of Micellization, Surface Active parameters

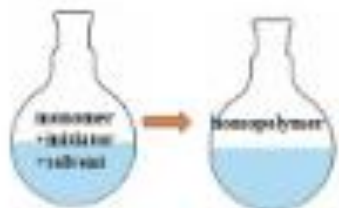
Characterization SAILs



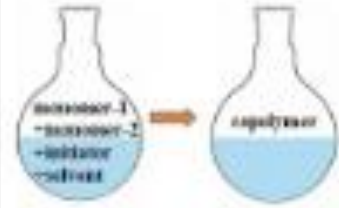
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Design and Development of Surface Active Ionic Liquids

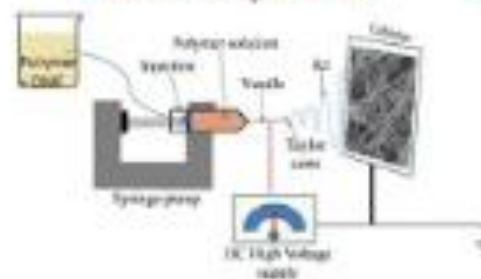
Synthesis of homopolymer



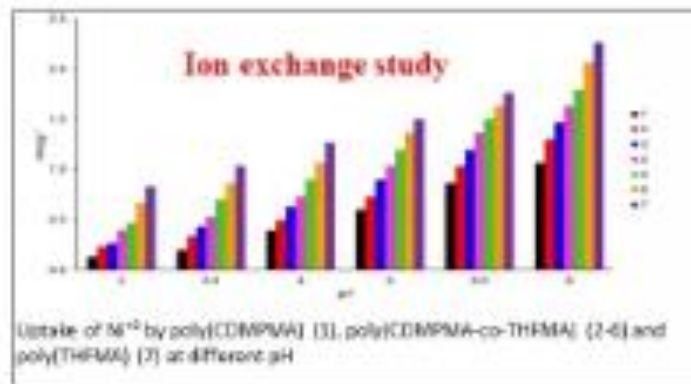
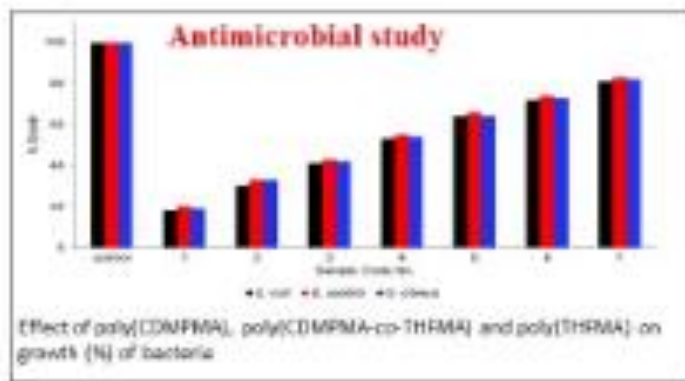
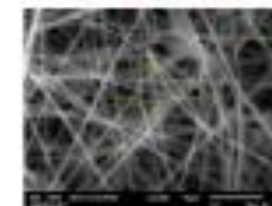
Synthesis of copolymer



Nanofiber synthesis

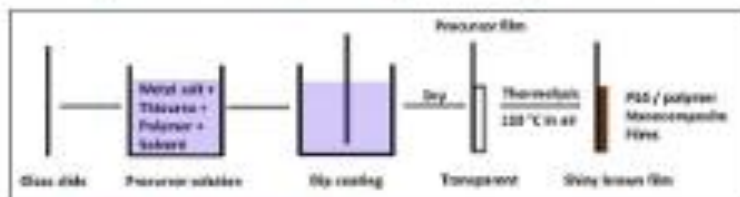


Surface morphology study

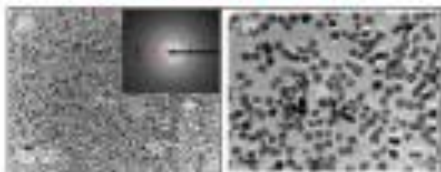


Development of Acrylate Polymer, Nanocomposites and Nanofibres

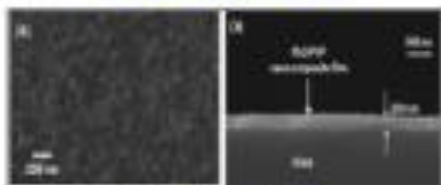
Development of single step in-situ protocol for NCs



Morphological study

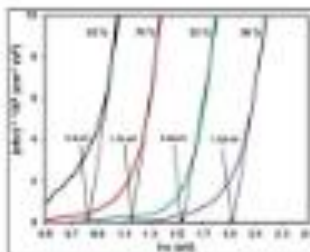


TEM of PbS/PVP NC

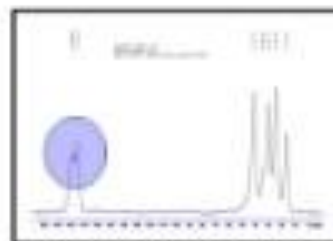
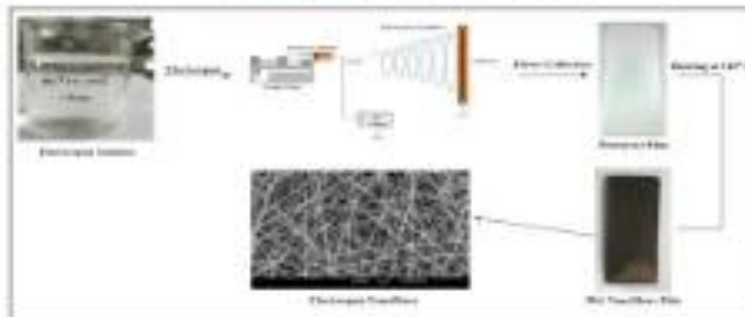


SEM of PbS/PVP NC

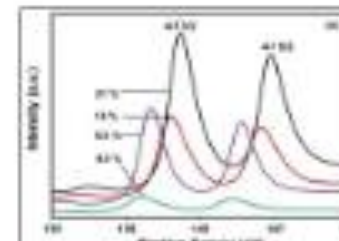
Optical Study



Interaction Study



¹³C NMR of PbS/PVP NC



XPS of PbS/PVP NC

Nanocomposites and Nanofibers